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(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:06:08 ON 23 JUL 2004)

L8 5 S L7

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L2 48 SEA FILE=REGISTRY 12606.43.1/RID

L6 STR

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DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 2

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L7 8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L2 SSS FUL L6

L8 5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS L7

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L8 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:766786 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:55178

TITLE: Potentiating effect of distant sites in
non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide antagonists of the
Grb2-SH2 domain

AUTHOR(S): Long, Ya-Qiu; Guo, Ribo; Luo, Juliet H.; Yang, Dajun;
Roller, Peter P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Shanghai Institutes for Biological Sciences, Shanghai
Institute of Materia Medica, State Key Laboratory of
Drug Research, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai,
201203, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications
(2003), 310(2), 334-340

CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Without the presence of a phosphotyrosyl group, a phage library derived non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide ligand of Grb2-SH2 domain attributed its high affinity and specificity to well-defined and highly favored interactions of its structural elements with the binding pocket of the protein. We have disclosed a significant compensatory role of the Glu2-sidechain for the absence of the phosphate functionality on Tyr0 in the peptide ligand, cyclo(CH2CO-Glu2--Leu-Tyr0-Glu-Asn-Val-Gly-Met5+-Tyr-Cys)-amide (termed GlTE). In this study, we report the importance of hydrophobic residue at the Tyr + 5 site in GlTE. Both acidic and basic amino acid substitutes are disfavored at this position, and replacement of Met with β -tert-butyl-Ala was found to improve the antagonist properties. Besides, the polarity of the cyclization linkage was implicated as important in stabilizing the favored binding conformation.

Oxidation of the thioether linkage into sulfoxide facilitated the binding to Grb2-SH₂ markedly. Simultaneous modification of the three distant sites within G1TE provided the best agent with an IC₅₀ of 220 nM, which is among the most potent non-phosphorous- and non-phosphotyrosine-mimic containing Grb2-SH₂ domain inhibitors yet reported. This potent peptidomimetic provides a novel template for the development of chemotherapeutic agents for the treatment of erbB2-related cancer. Biol. assays on G1TE(Gla2-) in which the original residue of Glu2- was substituted by γ -carboxyglutamic acid (Gla) indicated that it could inhibit the interaction between activated GF receptor and Grb2 protein in cell homogenates of MDA-MB-453 breast cancer cells at the 2 μ M level. More significantly, both G1TE(Gla2-) alone and the conjugate of G1TE(Gla2-) with a peptide carrier can effectively inhibit intracellular association of erbB2 and Grb2 in the same cell lines with IC₅₀ of 50 and 2 μ M, resp.

IT 637350-43-7 637350-44-8 637350-45-9

637350-46-0

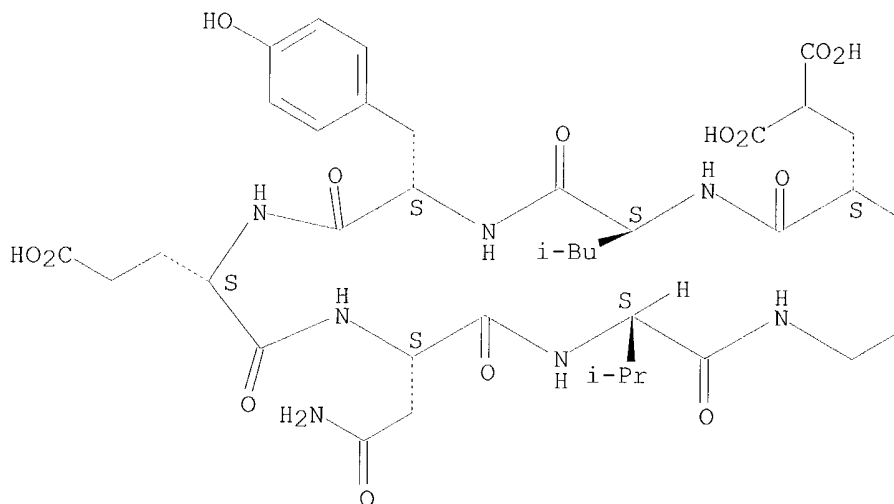
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(potentiating effect of distant sites in non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide antagonists of Grb2-SH₂ domain)

RN 637350-43-7 HCAPLUS

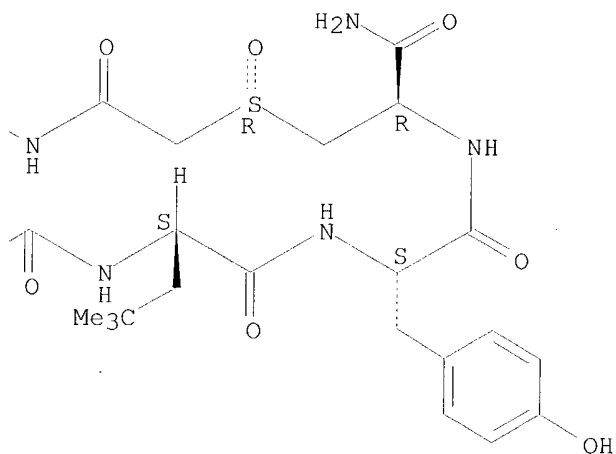
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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



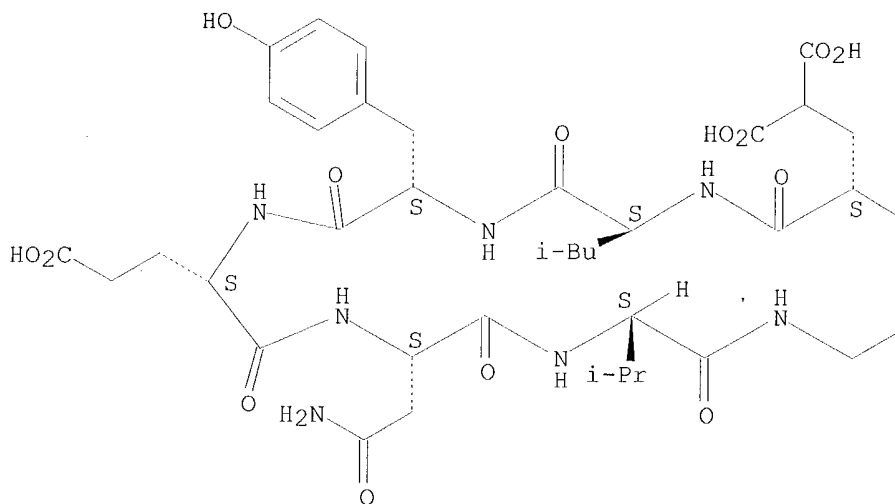
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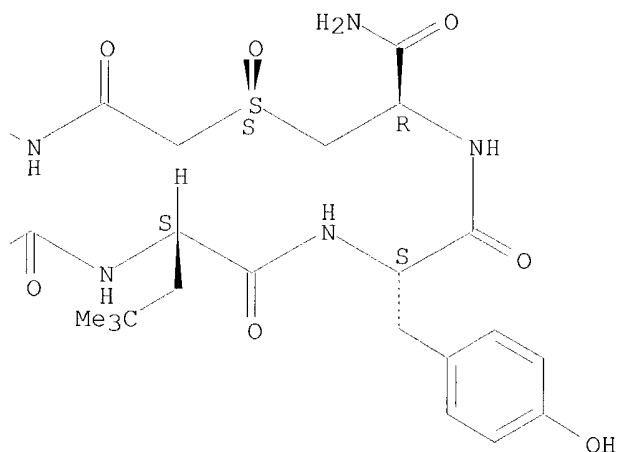
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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

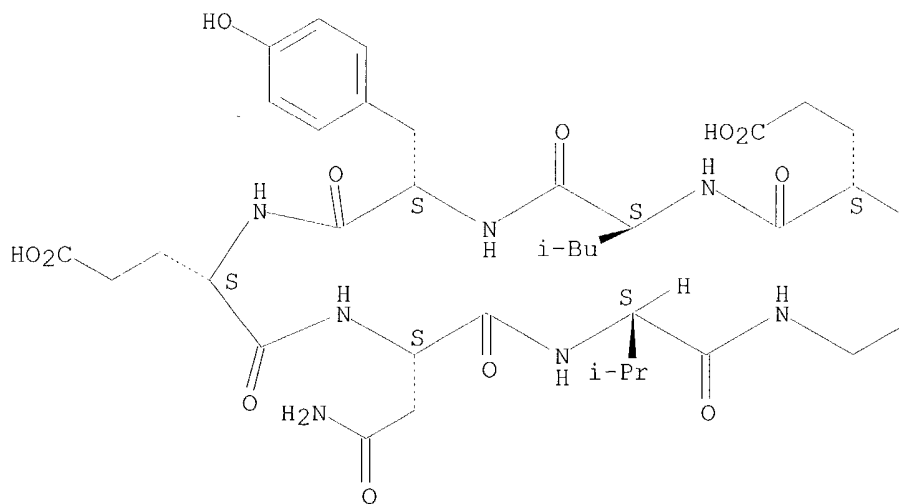


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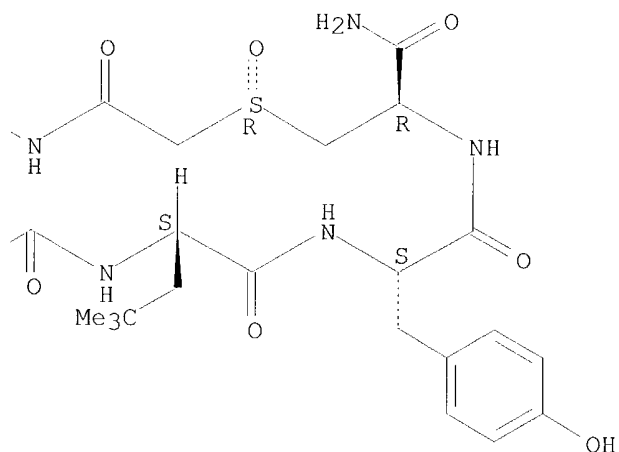
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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

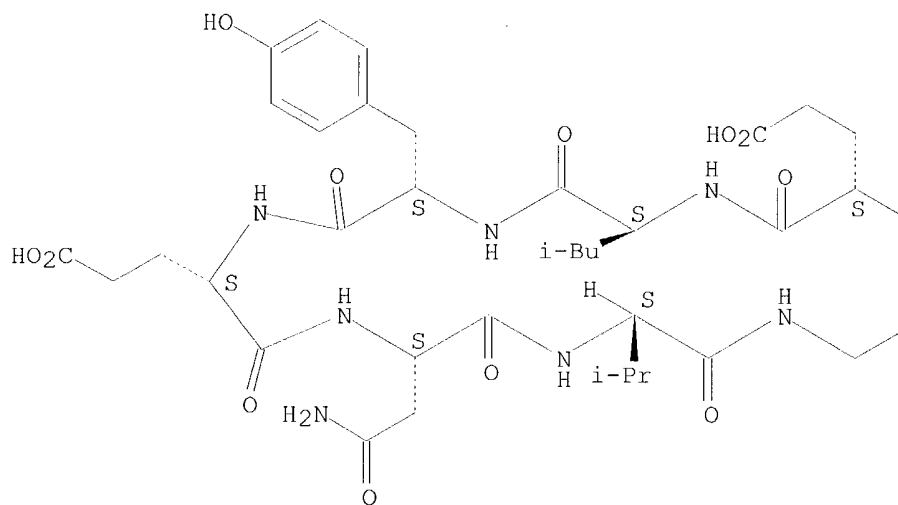


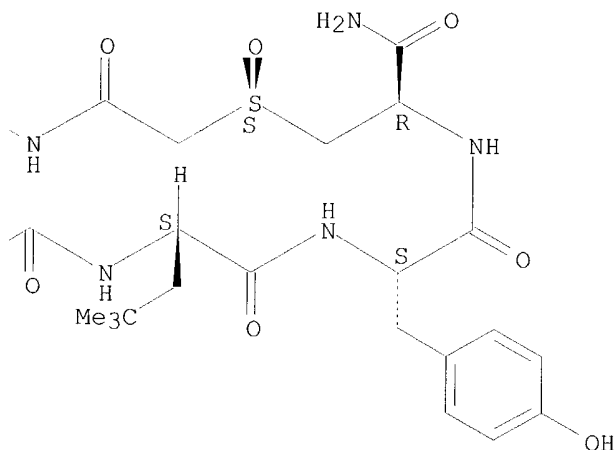
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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A





REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:645686 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:122075

TITLE: Global optimization of conformational constraint on non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide antagonists of the Grb2-SH2 domain

AUTHOR(S): Long, Ya-Qiu; Lung, Feng-Di T.; Roller, Peter P.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Shanghai Institutes for Biological Sciences, Shanghai Institute of Materia Medica, State Key Laboratory of Drug Research, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai, 201203, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2003), 11(18), 3929-3936

CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Following our earlier work on a phage library derived non-phosphorylated thioether-cyclized peptide inhibitor of Grb2 SH2 domain, a series of small peptide analogs with various cyclization linkage or various ring size were designed and synthesized and evaluated to investigate the optimal conformational constraint for this novel Grb2-SH2 blocker. Our previous SAR studies have indicated that constrained conformation as well as all amino acids except Leu2 and Gly7 in this lead peptide, cyclo(CH₂CO-Glu1-Leu-Tyr-Glu-Asn-Val-Gly-Met-Tyr-Cys10)-amide (termed GlTE), was necessary for sustenance of the biol. activity. In this study, in an effort to derive potent and bioavailable Grb2-SH2 inhibitor with minimal sequence, we undertook a systematic conformational study on this non-phosphorylated cyclic ligand by optimizing the ring linkage, ring configuration and ring size. The polarity and configuration of the cyclization linkage were implicated important in assuming the active conformation. Changing the flexible thioether linkage in GlTE into the

relatively rigid sulfoxide linkage secured a 4-fold increase in potency (4', IC₅₀ = 6.5 μ M). However, open chain, shortening or expanding the ring size led to a marked loss of inhibitory activity. Significantly, the introduction of ω -amino carboxylic acid linker in place of three C-terminal amino acids in GlTE can remarkably recover the apparently favorable conformation, which is otherwise lost because of the reduced ring size. This modification, combined with favorable substitutions of Glu for Glu1 and Adi for Glu4 in the resulting six-residue cyclic peptide, afforded peptide, with an almost equal potency, (IC₅₀ = 23.3 μ M) relative to GlTE. Moreover, the lipophilic chain in ω -amino carboxylic acid may confer better cell membrane permeability to the peptide. These newly developed GlTE analogs with smaller ring size and less peptide character but equal potency can serve as templates to derive potent and specific non-phosphorylated Grb2-SH2 antagonists.

IT **282118-08-5DP**, stereoisomers

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

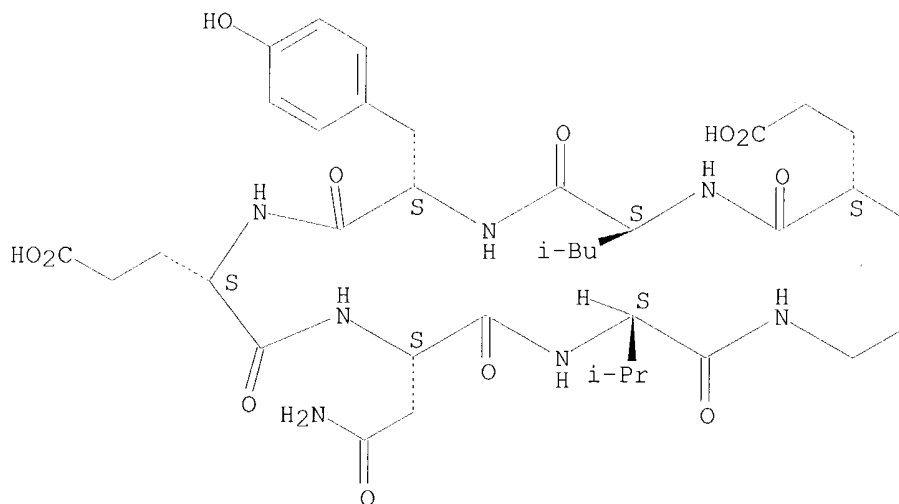
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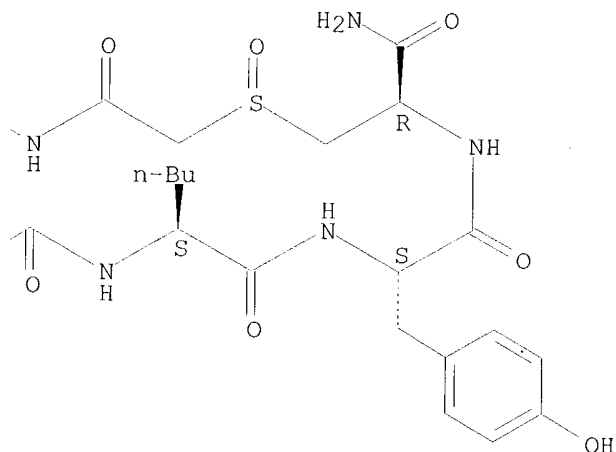
RN 282118-08-5 HCAPLUS

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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A





REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:319477 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:287983

TITLE: Redox-stable, non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide inhibitors of SH2 domain binding to target protein, conjugates thereof, compositions, methods of synthesis, and use

INVENTOR(S): Roller, Peter P.; Long, Ya-Qiu; Lung, Feng-Di T.; King, C. Richter; Yang, Dajun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Government of the United States of America, USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/US00/15201.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003078368	A1	20030424	US 2001-998350	20011130
WO 2000073326	A2	20001207	WO 2000-US15201	20000602
WO 2000073326	A3	20010525		

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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

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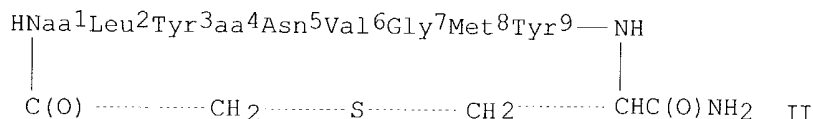
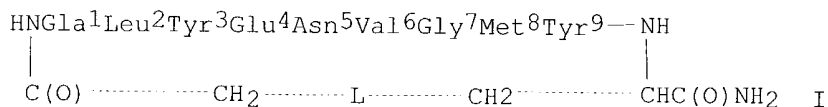
US 1999-137187P P 19990602

WO 2000-US15201 A2 20000602

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 138:287983

GI



AB The invention provides I (L = S, SO, O, CH₂; optionally, ≥ 1 of Tyr³, Glu⁴, Val⁶, Met⁸ and Tyr⁹ is modified). Also provided are compds. II [aa¹ = Adi and aa⁴ = Glu, or each of aa¹ and aa⁴ = Adi; L = S, SO, O, CH₂; optionally, ≥ 1 of Tyr³, Val⁶, Met⁸ and Tyr⁹ is modified]. Compds. I and II (and their conjugates) bind to an SH2 domain in a protein comprising an SH2 domain, are non-phosphorylated, are redox-stable in vivo, and are characterized by an IC₅₀ in vivo of less than about 4.0 μ M with respect to the SH2 domain in Grb2. Upon binding to the SH2 domain of Grb2, a compound as described above has a turn conformation. Also provided are a conjugate comprising a compound as described above and a carrier agent, a composition comprising (i) a compound or a conjugate as described above and (ii) a carrier, a method of inhibiting binding of an SH2 domain in a protein comprising an SH2 domain to a target protein in an animal, where the SH2 domain is contacted with a target protein-binding inhibiting effective amount of a compound or a conjugate as described above, and a method of synthesizing such conjugates. Thus, cyclo(CH₂CO-Adi¹-Leu²-Tyr³-Glu⁴-Asn⁵-Val⁶-Gly⁷-Met⁸-Tyr⁹-Cys)-amide was synthesized by the solid-phase method and showed IC₅₀ = 3.45 \pm 0.15 for binding affinity to the SH2 domain of Grb2.

IT **282118-08-5P**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

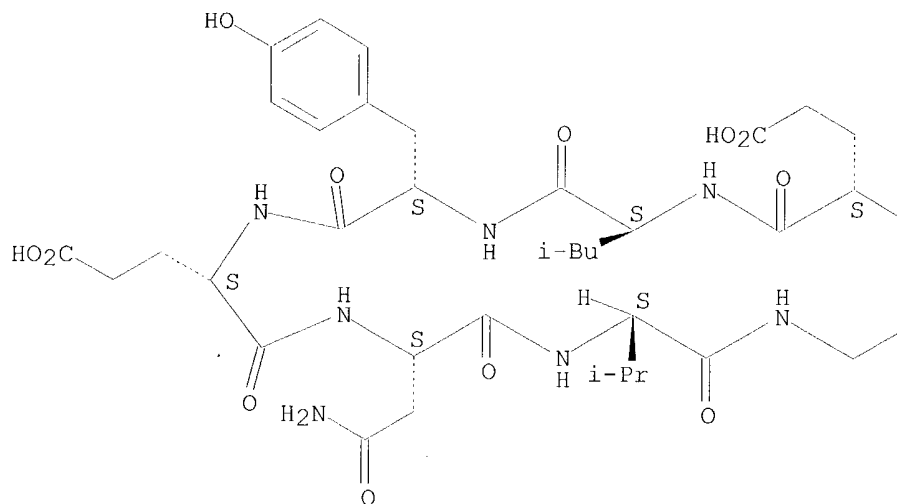
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RN 282118-08-5 HCAPLUS

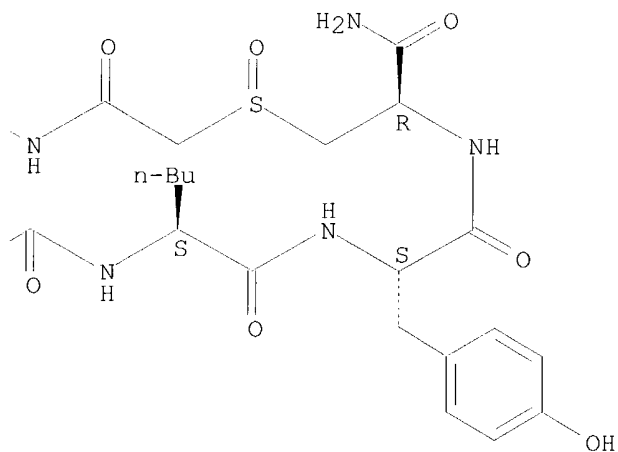
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Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IT 311791-05-6 311791-05-6D, amino acid-modified derivs.
 and conjugates 311791-12-5 311791-12-5D, amino
 acid-modified derivs. and conjugates 311791-23-8
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 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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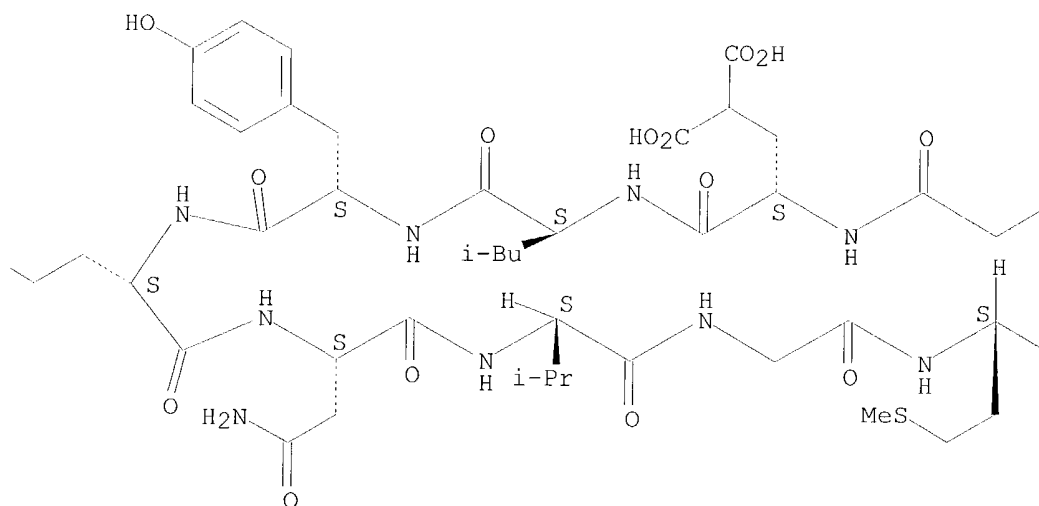
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Absolute stereochemistry.

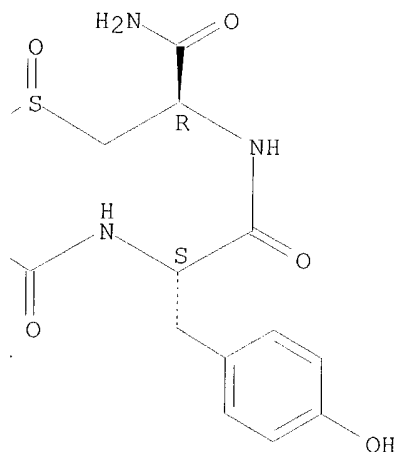
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HO₂C

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



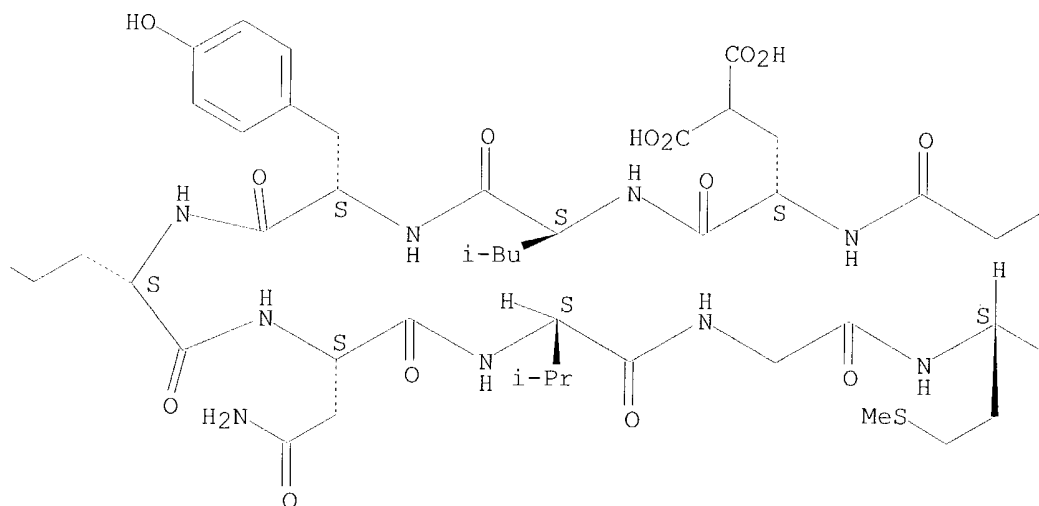
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Absolute stereochemistry.

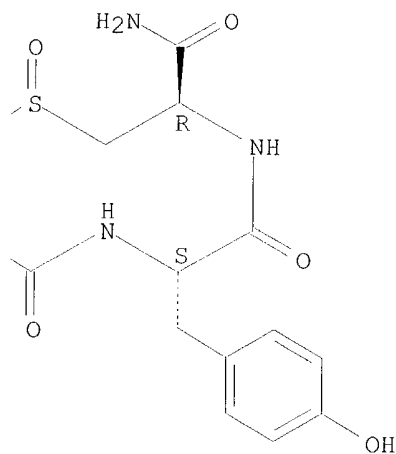
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HO₂C\

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



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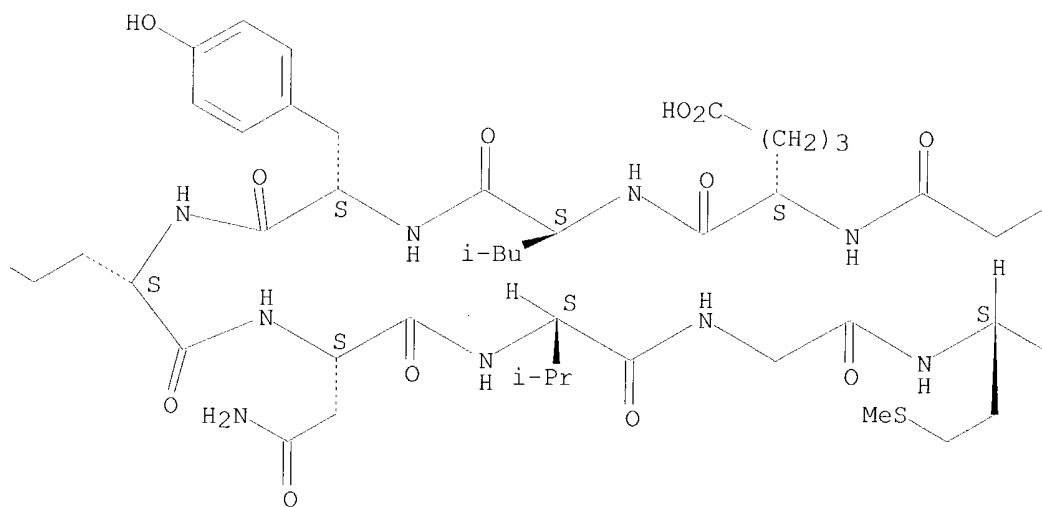
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Absolute stereochemistry.

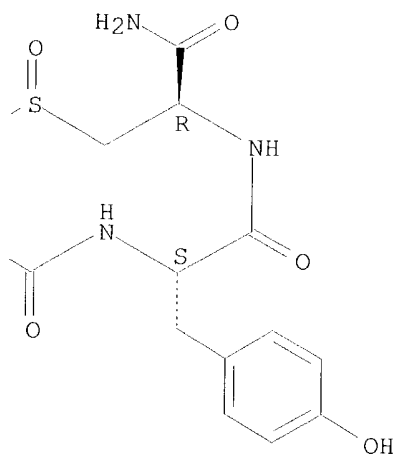
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HO₂C\

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PAGE 1-C



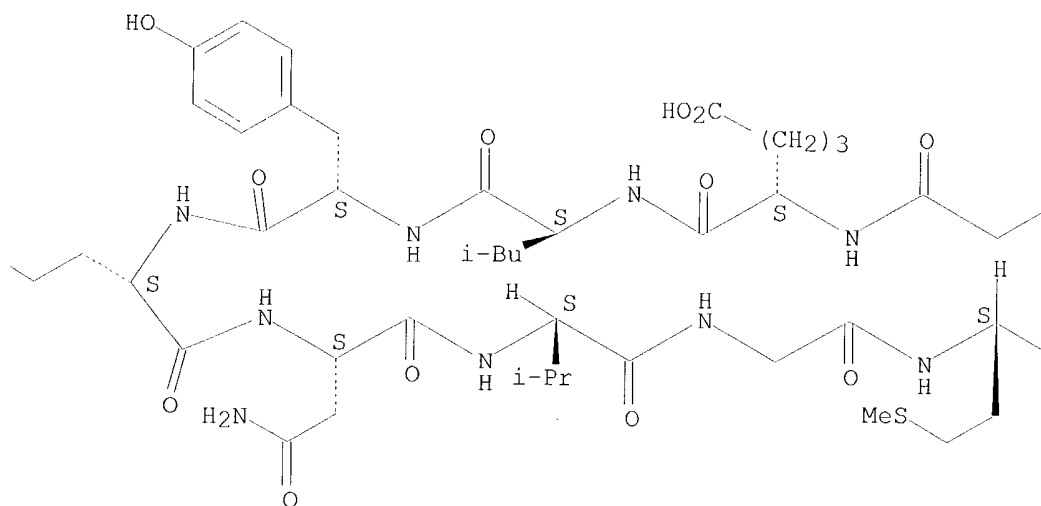
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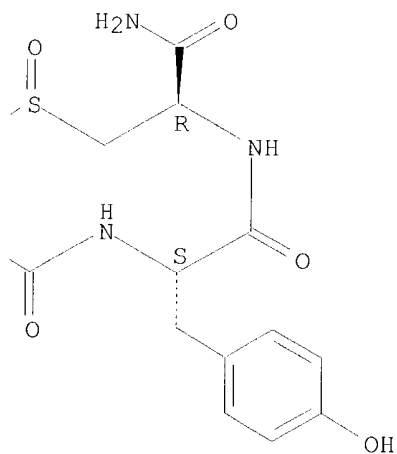
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HO₂C\

PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C

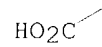


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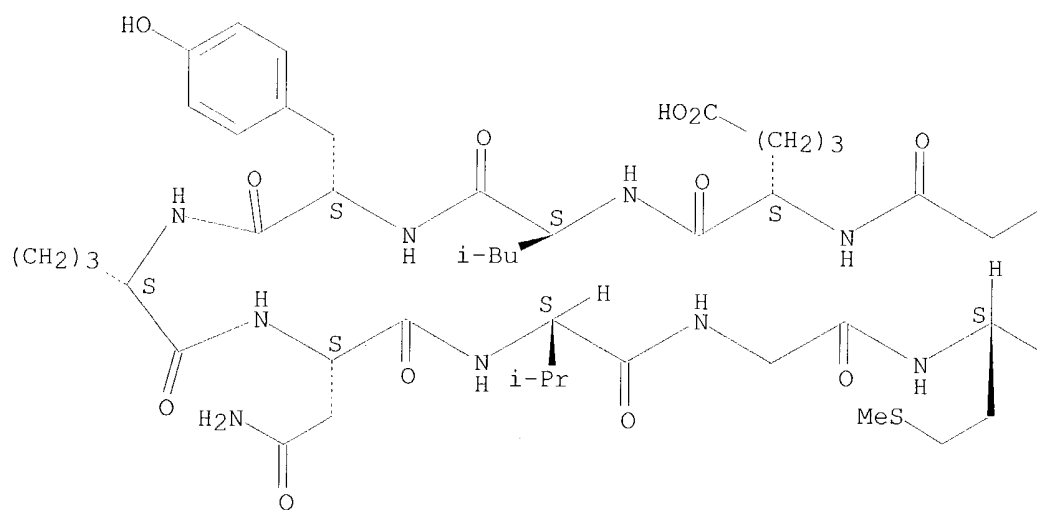
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Absolute stereochemistry.

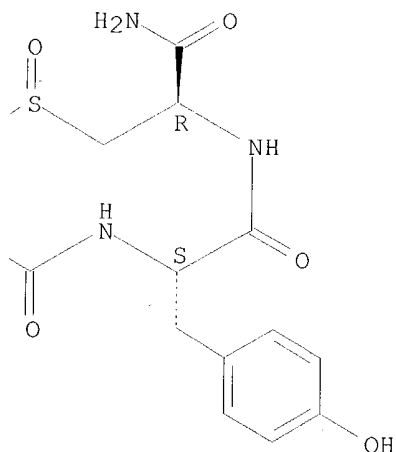
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PAGE 1-B



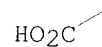
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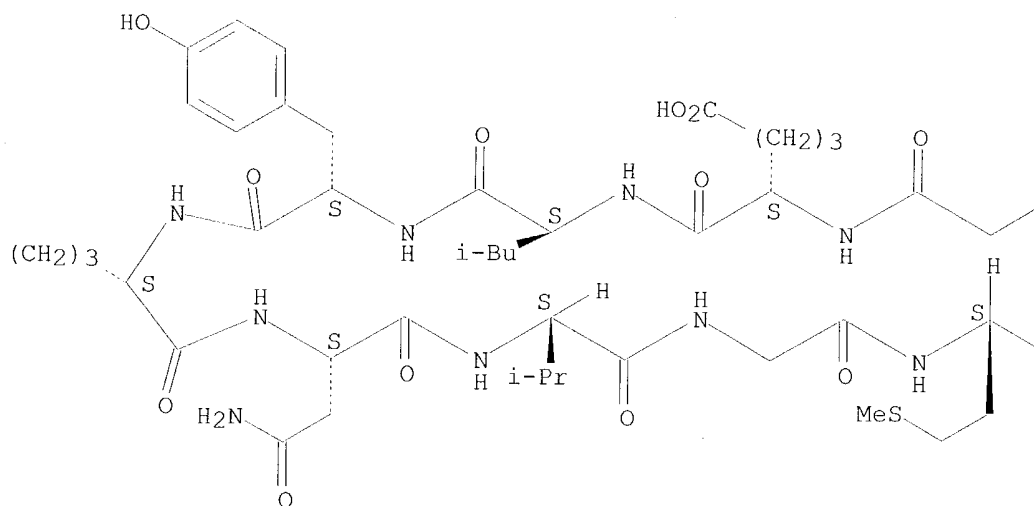
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Absolute stereochemistry.

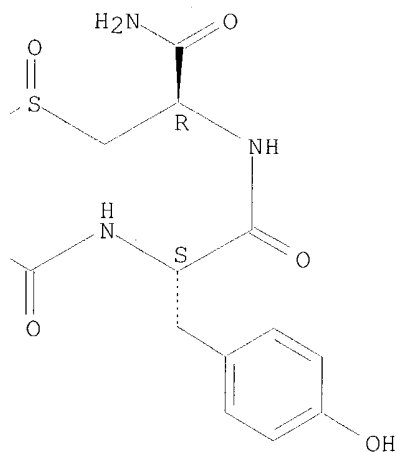
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PAGE 1-B



PAGE 1-C



L8 ANSWER 4 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:861699 HCAPLUS

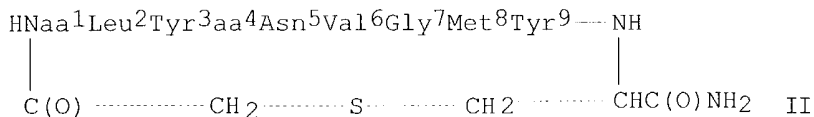
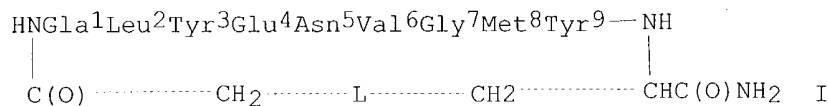
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:25345

TITLE: Redox-stable, non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide inhibitors of SH2 domain binding to target protein, conjugates thereof, compositions, methods of synthesis, and use

INVENTOR(S): Roller, Peter P.; Long, Ya-Qui; Lung, Feng-Di T.; King, C. Richter; Yang, Dajun

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Government of the United States of America,
 Represented by the Secretary, Department of Health and
 Human Services, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000073326	A2	20001207	WO 2000-US15201	20000602
WO 2000073326	A3	20010525		
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AB The invention provides I (L = S, SO, O, CH₂; optionally, ≥1 of Tyr³, Glu⁴, Val⁶, Met⁸ and Tyr⁹ is modified). Also provided is compound II [aa¹ = Adi and aa⁴ = Glu, or each of aa¹ and aa⁴ = Adi; L = S, SO, O, CH₂; optionally, ≥1 of Tyr³, Val⁶, Met⁸ and Tyr⁹ is modified]. The above compds. (and their conjugates) bind to an SH2 domain in a protein comprising an SH2 domain, are non-phosphorylated, are redox-stable in vivo, and are characterized by an IC₅₀ in vivo of less than about 4.0 nM with respect to the SH2 domain in Grb2. Upon binding to the SH2 domain of Grb2, a compound as described above has a turn conformation. Optionally, there is a conservative or neutral amino acid substitution at either one or both of Leu² and Gly⁷. Also provided are a conjugate comprising a compound as described above and a carrier agent, a composition comprising (i) a compound or a conjugate as described above and (ii) a carrier, a method of inhibiting binding of an SH2 domain in a protein comprising an SH2 domain

to a target protein in an animal, wherein the SH2 domain is contacted with a target protein-binding inhibiting effective amount of a compound or a conjugate as described above, and a method of synthesizing such conjugates.

IT 282118-08-5P

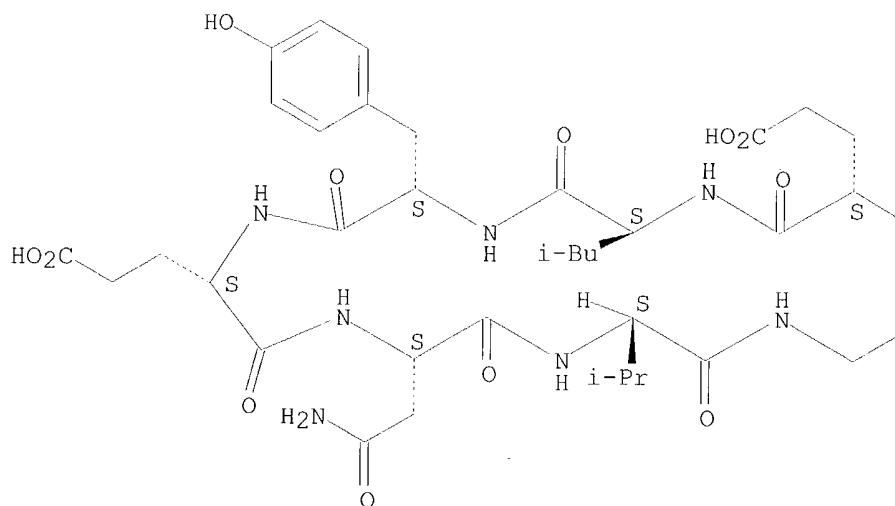
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(redox-stable, non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide inhibitors of SH2 domain binding to target protein, conjugates, compns., preparation, and use)

RN 282118-08-5 HCAPLUS

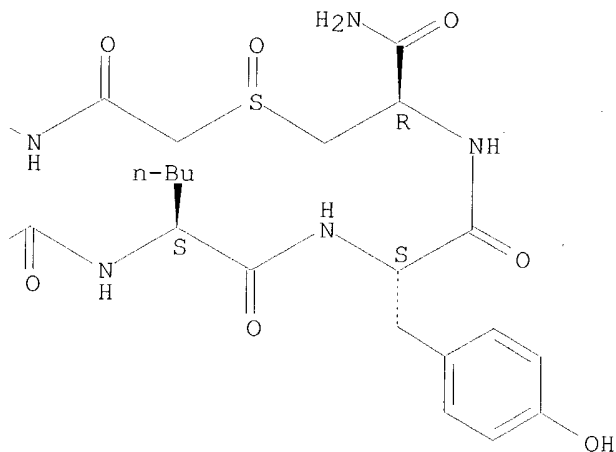
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Absolute stereochemistry.

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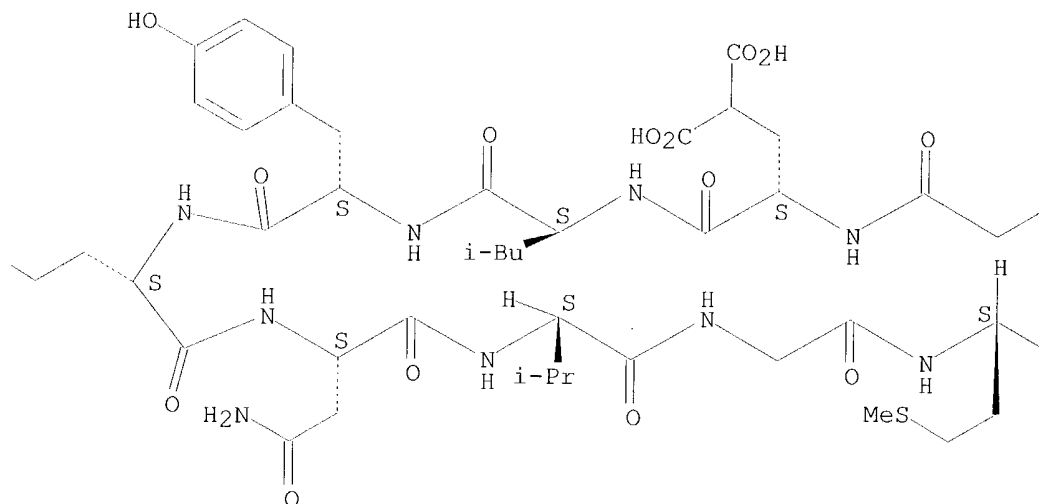
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and conjugates 311791-12-5 311791-12-5D, amino
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311791-23-8D, amino acid-modified derivs. and conjugates
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
(Uses)
(redox-stable, non-phosphorylated cyclic peptide inhibitors of SH2
domain binding to target protein, conjugates, compns., preparation, and use)
RN 311791-05-6 HCAPLUS
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Absolute stereochemistry.

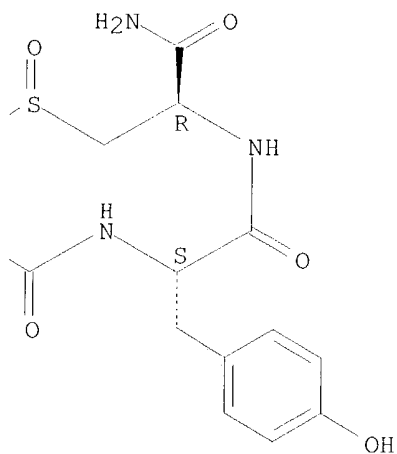
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HO₂C\

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RN 311791-05-6 HCAPLUS

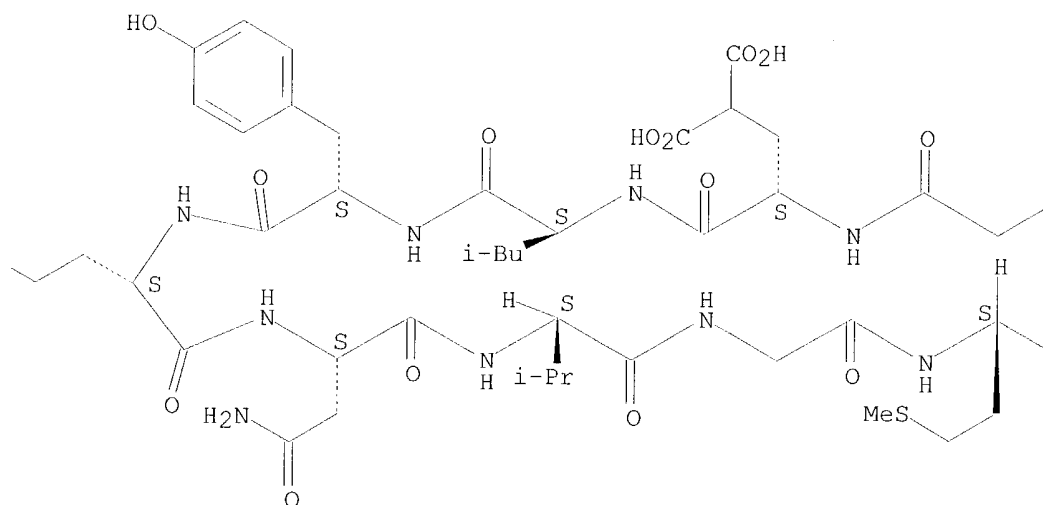
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Absolute stereochemistry.

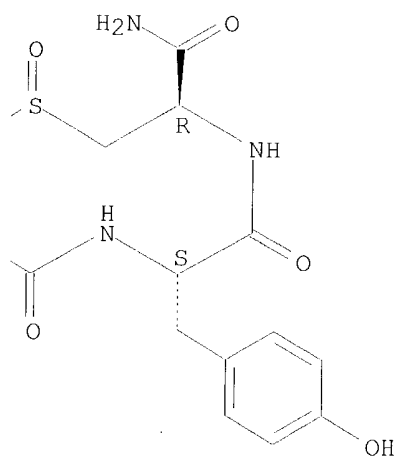
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HO₂C\

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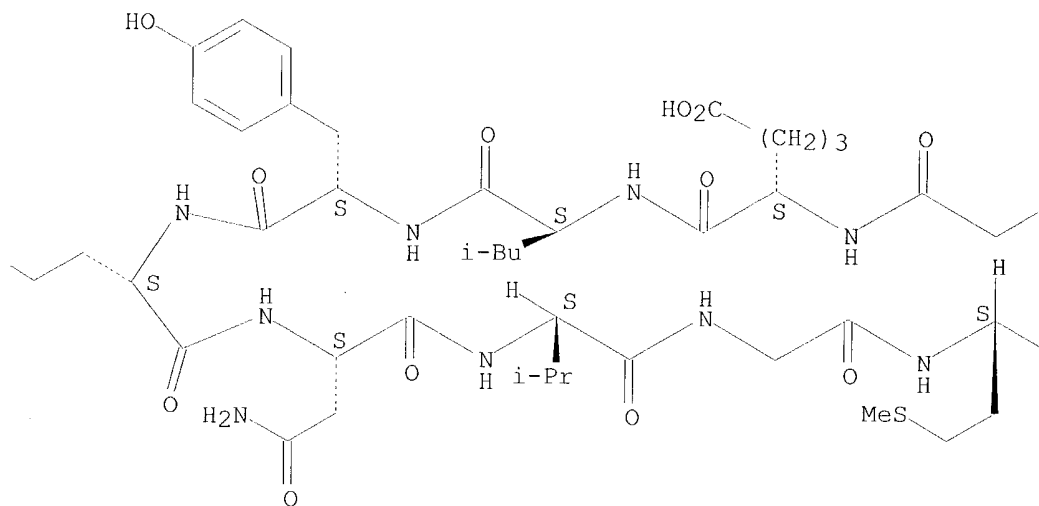
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Absolute stereochemistry.

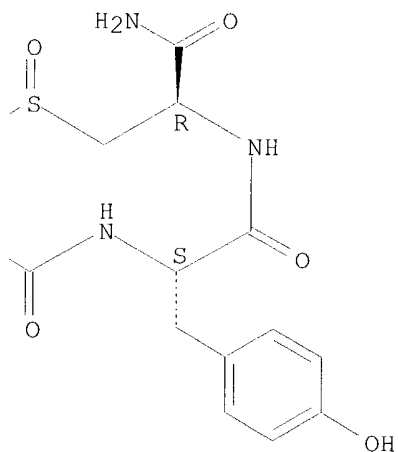
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HO₂C

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RN 311791-12-5 HCAPLUS

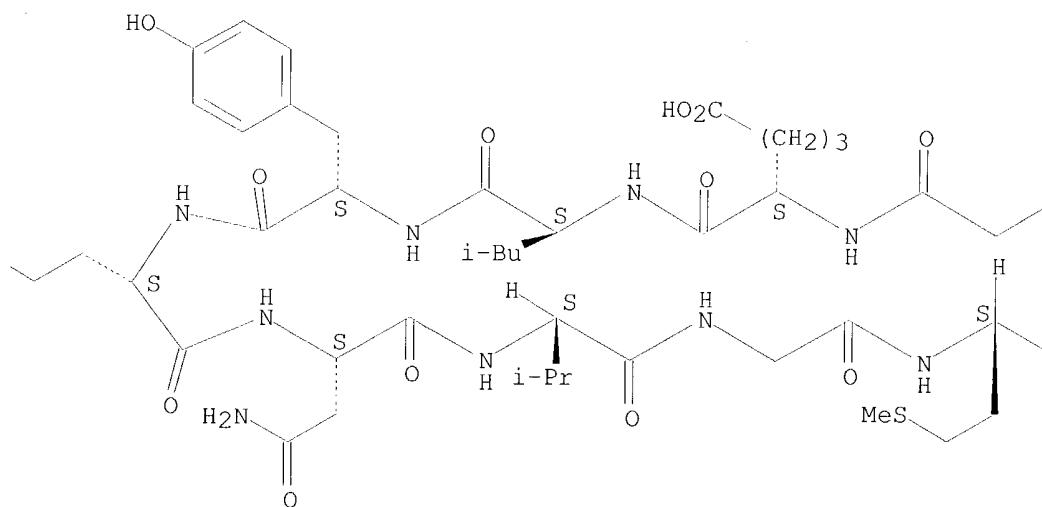
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Absolute stereochemistry.

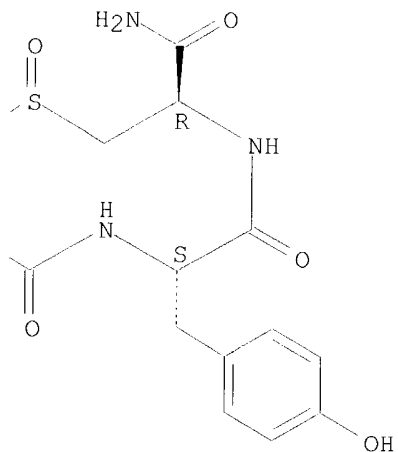
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HO₂C

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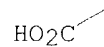
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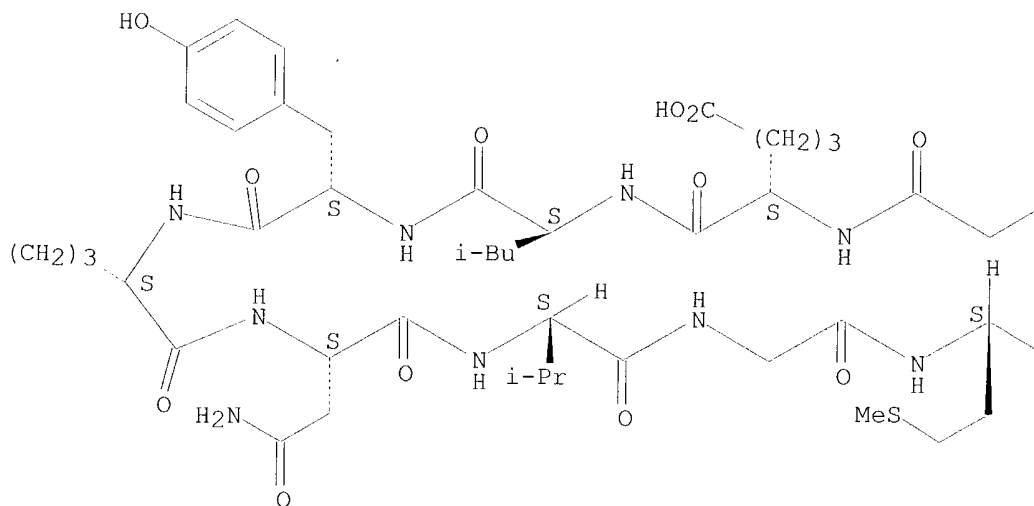
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 cyclic (1-10)-thioether, S-oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

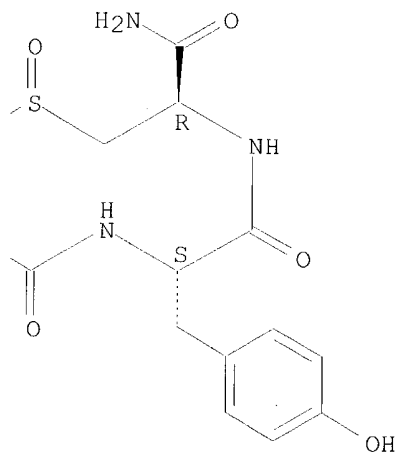
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RN 311791-23-8 HCAPLUS

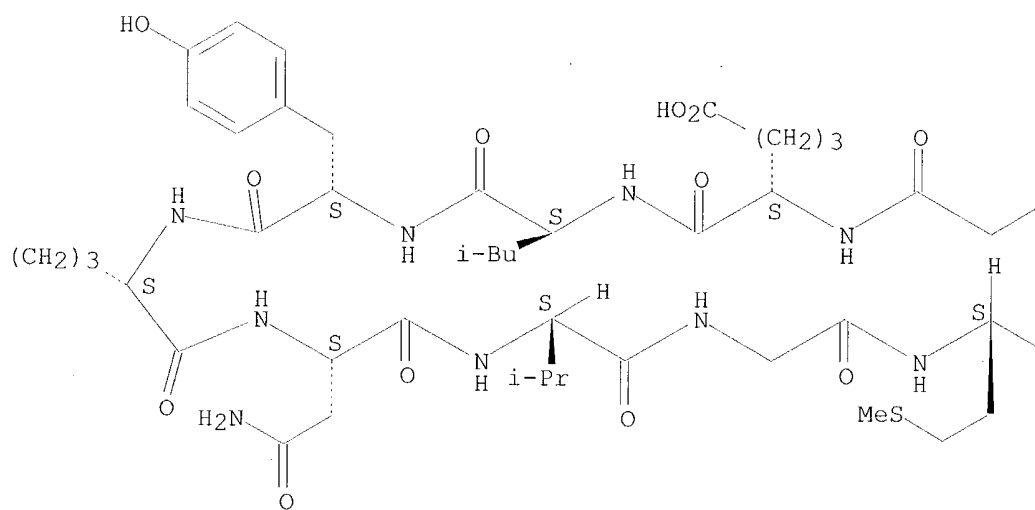
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cyclic (1→10)-thioether, S-oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

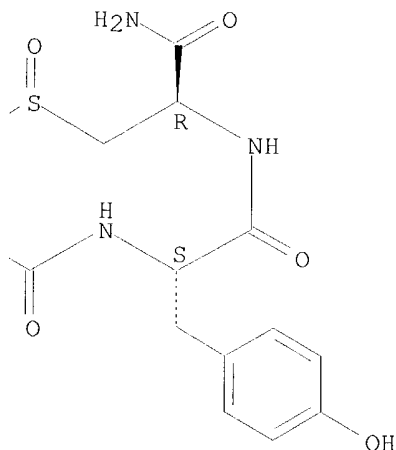
Absolute stereochemistry.

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L8 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:288690 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:84392
 TITLE: Structure-activity studies with Grb2-SH2 binding
 library-based cyclic peptides
 AUTHOR(S): Roller, Peter P.; Long, Ya-Qiu; Lung, Feng-Di T.;
 Voigt, Johannes H.; King, C. Richter
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, National Cancer
 Institute, NIH, Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA
 SOURCE: Peptides 1998, Proceedings of the European Peptide
 Symposium, 25th, Budapest, Aug. 30-Sept. 4, 1998 (1999
), Meeting Date 1998, 706-707. Editor(s): Bajusz, Sandor; Hudecz, Ferenc.
 Akademiai Kiado: Budapest, Hung.
 CODEN: 68WKAY
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB A report from a symposia exploring the salient mol. features required for
 binding the redox-stable thioether cyclized analog GlTE to the GRb2-SH2
 and on development of GlTE analogs with higher binding affinities. GlTE
 analogs prepared with substitutions at the Glu1, Tyr3 and Glu4 positions, as
 well as at the thioether linkage site, were evaluated using Fmoc chemical
 methodol. Substitutions by various amino acids were incorporated into the
 GlTE analogs, including L-2-aminoadipic acid, which has a CH2-extended
 sidechain compared to Glu. Overall, the results indicate that the
 cyclized structure of nonphosphorylated GlTE is necessary for retention of
 its binding affinity to Grb2-SH2 and that this discovery, assisted by
 structure based design, should lead to the development of
 nonphosphorylated, highly potent and specific inhibitors of Grb2/growth
 factor (GF) receptor interactions for use in cells over-expressing GF
 receptors.
 IT 282118-08-5P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN
 (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP

(Preparation); PROC (Process)

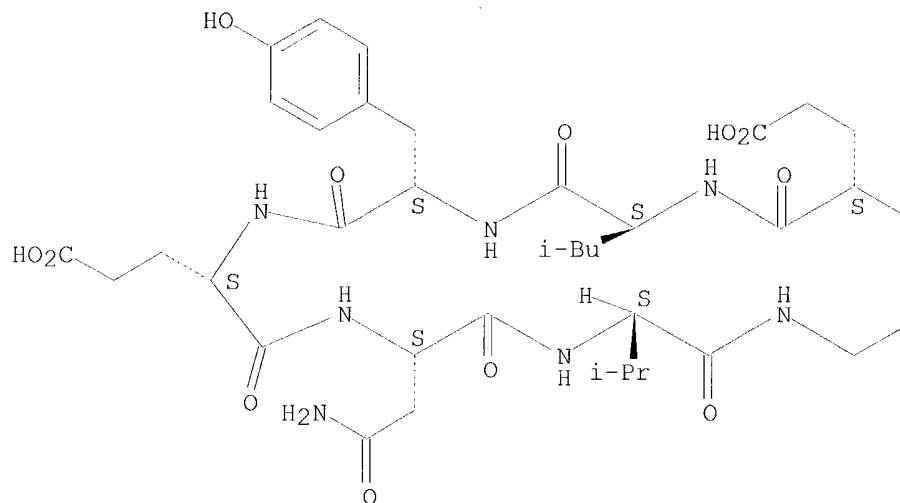
(structure-activity studies with GRB2-SH2 binding library-based cyclic peptide GlTE analogs)

RN 282118-08-5 HCAPLUS

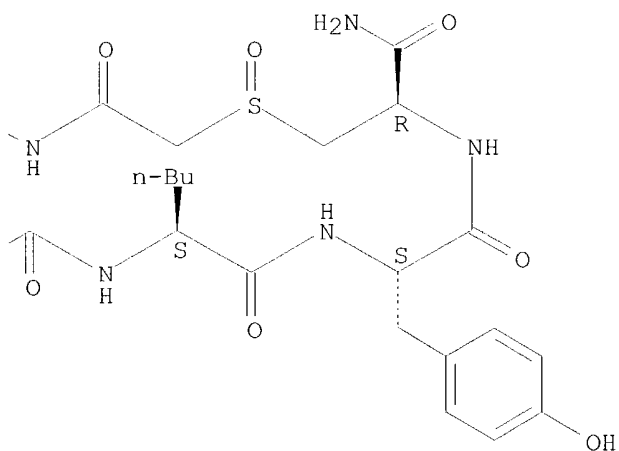
CN L-Cysteinamide, N-(mercaptoacetyl)-L- α -glutamyl-L-leucyl-L-tyrosyl-L- α -glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-valylglycyl-L-norleucyl-L-tyrosyl-, cyclic (1-10)-thioether, S-oxide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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REFERENCE COUNT:

5

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

Chandra 09/998,350

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT